



US Army Corps
of Engineers®

PUBLIC NOTICE

Published: June 18, 2025

Expires: August 5, 2025

Los Angeles District

Nationwide Permits Reissuance Request for Comments

On June 18, 2025, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (Corps) published in the Federal Register its proposal to reissue 56 existing nationwide permits (NWP) and issue one new NWP. One NWP is not proposed for reissuance.

NWPs are general permits issued on a nationwide basis to streamline the authorization of activities that result in no more than minimal individual and cumulative adverse environmental effects. Many of the proposed NWPs require notification to the district engineer before commencing those activities, to ensure that the activities authorized by those NWPs cause no more than minimal individual and cumulative adverse environmental effects.

National Issues Concerning the Proposed NWPs:

The Federal Register notice is the public's opportunity to comment on the proposed NWPs, general conditions, and definitions. Comments on national issues relating to these NWPs should be submitted to docket number COE-2025-0002 at www.regulations.gov, or by email to 2026nationwidepermits@usace.army.mil or by mail to U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Attn: CECW-CO-R, 441 G Street NW, Washington, DC 20314-1000. Instructions for submitting comments are provided in the June 18, 2025 Federal Register notice. **Comments on the proposed NWPs are due by July 18, 2025.**

Regional Issues Concerning the Proposed NWPs, Including Regional Conditioning:

Division engineers are authorized to add regional conditions specific to the needs and/or requirements of a particular region or state. Regional conditions are an important mechanism to help ensure that the adverse environmental effects of activities authorized by the NWPs are no more than minimal, both individually and cumulatively. Division engineers may also suspend or revoke specific NWPs in certain geographic areas (e.g., states or watersheds) or high-value aquatic systems where the adverse environmental effects caused by activities authorized by those NWPs may be more than minimal. An enclosure for this public notice (Enclosure 1) lists the proposed regional conditions currently under consideration by the Los Angeles District (the boundaries of the Los Angeles District are defined as the coastal drainages of San Luis Obispo County, the eastern drainages of Mono County to the Conway Summit north of Mono Lake, the eastern drainages of Kern County, all of Inyo, San Bernardino, Riverside, Imperial, Santa Barbara, Ventura, Los Angeles, Orange and San Diego counties in

California, and the State of Arizona outside of the Navajo Nation. The Los Angeles District is seeking comments on the proposed regional conditions and seeking comments on the need for additional regional conditions to help ensure that the adverse environmental effects of activities authorized by the proposed NWP are no more than minimal, individually and cumulatively. Unless otherwise noted, all proposed regional conditions listed on this enclosure are applicable for activities in all parts of Arizona outside of the Navajo Nation. Comments on regional issues relating to the proposed NWP and proposed regional conditions should be sent by email to Antal.J.Szijj@usace.army.mil or by mail to the Los Angeles District, Ventura Field Office, Attn: Antal Szijj, 60 South California Street, Suite 201, Ventura, CA 93001. **Comments relating to regional conditions are due by August 4, 2025.** Similar public notices proposing regional conditions in other regions or states are being published concurrently by other division or district offices. After the final NWP is issued, the final regional conditions will be issued after they are approved by the Division Commander.

401 Water Quality Certification and Coastal Zone Management Act:

States, tribes, and other certifying authorities will make their Clean Water Act Section 401 water quality certification (WQC) decisions after reviewing the proposed NWP. States will make their Coastal Zone Management Act (CZMA) consistency determination decisions after reviewing the proposed NWP.

Draft Decision Documents:

Draft decision documents for each of the proposed NWP, which include environmental documentation prepared for the purposes of the National Environmental Policy Act, have been written by Corps Headquarters. The decision documents will address compliance of the NWP with the requirements for issuance under the Corps' general permit authority. These draft decision documents, as well as the proposed NWP, are available for viewing at www.regulations.gov, docket number COE-2025-0002. Final decision documents will be prepared for the NWP that are issued.

Enclosed is an index of the proposed NWP and conditions (Enclosure 2). Anyone wishing to provide comments may obtain a full text copy of the NWP through the Corps Home Page at <https://www.usace.army.mil/Missions/Civil-Works/Regulatory-Program-and-Permits/Nationwide-Permits/>, at www.regulations.gov in docket number COE-2025-0002, or at the following Federal Register address: <https://www.federalregister.gov/documents/2025/06/18/2025-11190/proposal-to-reissue-and-modify-nationwide-permits>.

Index of Proposed Nationwide Permits, General Conditions, and Definitions

Nationwide Permits

1. Aids to Navigation
2. Structures in Artificial Canals
3. Maintenance
4. Fish and Wildlife Harvesting, Enhancement, and Attraction Devices and Activities
5. Scientific Measurement Devices
6. Survey Activities
7. Outfall Structures and Associated Intake Structures
8. Oil and Gas Structures on the Outer Continental Shelf
9. Structures in Fleeting and Anchorage Areas
10. Mooring Buoys
11. Temporary Recreational Structures
12. Oil or Natural Gas Pipeline Activities
13. Bank Stabilization
14. Linear Transportation Projects
15. U.S. Coast Guard Approved Bridges
16. Return Water From Upland Contained Disposal Areas
17. Hydropower Projects
18. Minor Discharges
19. Minor Dredging
20. Response Operations for Oil or Hazardous Substances
21. Surface Coal Mining Activities
22. Removal of Vessels
23. Approved Categorical Exclusions
24. Indian Tribe or State Administered Section 404 Programs
25. Structural Discharges
26. [Reserved]
27. Aquatic Ecosystem Restoration, Establishment, and Enhancement Activities
28. Modifications of Existing Marinas
29. Residential Developments
30. Moist Soil Management for Wildlife
31. Maintenance of Existing Flood Control Facilities
32. Completed Enforcement Actions
33. Temporary Construction, Access, and Dewatering
34. Cranberry Production Activities
35. Maintenance Dredging of Existing Basins
36. Boat Ramps
37. Emergency Watershed Protection and Rehabilitation
38. Cleanup of Hazardous and Toxic Waste
39. Commercial and Institutional Developments
40. Agricultural Activities
41. Reshaping Existing Drainage Ditches
42. Recreational Facilities
43. Stormwater Management Facilities

44. Mining Activities
45. Repair of Uplands Damaged by Discrete Events
46. Discharges in Ditches
47. [Reserved]
48. Commercial Shellfish Mariculture Activities
49. Coal Remining Activities
50. Underground Coal Mining Activities
51. Land-Based Renewable Energy Generation Facilities
52. Water-Based Renewable Energy Generation Pilot Projects
53. Removal of Low-Head Dams
54. Living Shorelines
55. Seaweed Mariculture Activities
56. [Reserved]
57. Electric Utility Line and Telecommunications Activities
58. Utility Line Activities for Water and Other Substances
59. Water Reclamation and Reuse Facilities
- A. Activities to Improve Passage of Fish and Other Aquatic Organisms

Nationwide Permit General Conditions

1. Navigation
2. Aquatic Life Movements
3. Spawning Areas
4. Migratory Bird Breeding Areas
5. Shellfish Beds
6. Suitable Material
7. Water Supply Intakes
8. Adverse Effects from Impoundments
9. Management of Water Flows
10. Fills Within 100-Year Floodplains
11. Equipment
12. Soil Erosion and Sediment Controls
13. Removal of Temporary Fills
14. Proper Maintenance
15. Single and Complete Project
16. Wild and Scenic Rivers
17. Tribal Rights
18. Endangered Species
19. Migratory Birds and Bald and Golden Eagles
20. Historic Properties
21. Discovery of Previously Unknown Remains and Artifacts
22. Designated Critical Resource Waters
23. Mitigation
24. Safety of Impoundment Structures
25. Water Quality
26. Coastal Zone Management
27. Regional and Case-by-Case Conditions

- 28. Use of Multiple Nationwide Permits
- 29. Transfer of Nationwide Permit Verifications
- 30. Compliance Certification
- 31. Activities Affecting Structures or Works Built by the United States
- 32. Pre-Construction Notification

District Engineer's Decision

Further Information

Nationwide Permit Definitions

Best management practices (BMPs)	Tidal wetland
Compensatory mitigation	Tribal lands
Currently serviceable	Tribal rights
Direct effects	Vegetated shallows
Discharge	Waterbody
Ecological reference	
Enhancement	
Establishment (creation)	
High Tide Line	
Historic property	
Independent utility	
Indirect effects	
Loss of waters of the United States	
Nature-based solutions	
Navigable waters	
Non-tidal wetland	
Open water	
Ordinary high water mark	
Perennial stream	
Practicable	
Pre-construction notification	
Preservation	
Re-establishment	
Rehabilitation	
Restoration	
Riffle and pool complex	
Riparian areas	
Shellfish seeding	
Single and complete linear project	
Single and complete non-linear project	
Stormwater management	
Stormwater management facilities	
Stream bed	
Stream channelization	
Structure	

**Draft 2026 Nationwide Permit (NWP) Regional Conditions
for the State of California**

(Effective March 14, 2026, until March 14, 2031)

A. Regional Conditions for the State of California:

1. The permittee shall submit a pre-construction notification (PCN), in accordance with General Condition 32, in the following circumstances:

a. Activities involving new bank stabilization that do not incorporate bioengineering techniques. Bioengineering techniques include using live plants alone or in combination with dead or inorganic materials, including rock, sand, or gravel;

b. Activities resulting in a discharge of dredged or fill material in waters of the U.S. on Tribal lands;

c. Activities involving the permanent channelization, realignment, or relocation of streams; and,

d. Activities that have the potential to adversely affect Essential Fish Habitat (EFH), as designated by the Pacific Fishery Management Council. The PCN shall include an EFH assessment and analysis of effects of the action on EFH, in accordance with 50 C.F.R. § 600.920 (e). For Federal permittees, if a PCN is required for the proposed activity, the Federal permittee must provide the district engineer with the appropriate documentation to demonstrate compliance with the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act.

2. In the desert regions of Los Angeles District (USGS Hydrologic Unit Code accounting units: *Lower Colorado* - 150301, *Northern Mojave* - 180902, *Southern Mojave* - 181001, and *Salton Sea* - 181002), NPWs 3, 7, 12 – 15, 17 – 19, 21, 23, 25, 29, 35, 36, 39 – 46, 48 – 54, and 57 – 59, cannot be used to authorize structures, work, and/or the discharge of dredged or fill material that would result in the loss of wetlands, mudflats, vegetated shallows or riffle and pool complexes as defined at 40 CFR Part 230.40-45, in excess of 0.1 acre.

3. In the Los Angeles District, NWPs 29, 39, 42 and 43, or NWP 14 combined with any of those NWPs, cannot authorize a loss of waters of the United States greater than 0.25 acre within the Murrieta Creek and Temecula Creek watersheds in Riverside County.

4. In conjunction with the Los Angeles District's Special Area Management Plans (SAMPs) for the San Diego Creek Watershed and San Juan Creek/Western San Mateo Creek Watersheds in Orange County, California, the Corps' Division Engineer, through discretionary authority has revoked the use of the following 26 selected NWPs within these SAMP watersheds: 3, 7, 12 – 14, 16 – 19, 21, 25, 27, 29, 31, 33, 39 – 44, 46, 49, 50, 57, and 58. Consequently, these NWPs are no longer available in those watersheds to authorize impacts to waters of the United States from discharges of dredged or fill material under the Corps' Clean Water Act section 404 authority. Additional information is available here:

<https://www.spl.usace.army.mil/Missions/Regulatory/Established-LOP-Procedures>.

5. In the Los Angeles District, the permittee shall submit a pre-construction notification (PCN), in accordance with General Condition 32, in the following circumstances:

a. Activities that would result in a loss of waters of the United States within the Murrieta and Temecula Creek watersheds in Riverside County, California;

b. Activities that would result in a loss of waters of the United States within Santa Clara River watershed in Los Angeles and Ventura County, California, including but not limited to Aliso Canyon, Agua Dulce Canyon, Sand Canyon, Bouquet Canyon, Mint Canyon, South Fork of the Santa Clara River, San Francisquito Canyon, Castaic Creek, Piru Creek, Sespe Creek and the main-stem of the Santa Clara River;

c. Activities that would result in a loss of waters of the United States within all watersheds in the Santa Monica Mountains in Los Angeles and Ventura County, California, bounded by Calleguas Creek on the west, by Highway 101 on the north and east, and by Sunset Boulevard and Pacific Ocean on the south; and,

d. Activities that would result in a loss of waters of the United States within all perennial waterbodies and special aquatic sites.

6. In the San Francisco District, the use of NWP 29 and 39 are prohibited within the San Francisco Bay diked baylands¹ (see figure 1).

7. In the San Francisco District, the permittee shall submit a pre-construction notification (PCN), in accordance with General Condition 32, for all NWP activities that will take place in waters or wetlands of the U.S. that are within the San Francisco Bay diked baylands¹ (see figure 1).

8. In the Sacramento District, the use of any NWP (except NWP 3, 6, 16, 20, 24, 27, 37, 38, 52, 53, and 59) authorizing the discharge of dredged or fill material in peatlands² containing histosols, including bogs and fens, is prohibited.

2

¹The San Francisco Bay diked baylands are defined as undeveloped areas that are currently behind levees and are within the historic margin of the Bay. The historic margin of the Bay is defined as areas on the Nichols and Wright map (see figure 1) below the 5-foot contour line, National Geodetic Vertical Datum (NGVD) (Nichols, D.R., and N. A. Wright. 1971. Preliminary map of historic margins of marshland, San Francisco Bay, California. U.S. Geological Survey Open File Map).

²A peatland is defined as a wetland with saturated organic soil (greater than or equal to 16 inches in thickness) that is classified as a histosol in the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Field Indicators of Hydric Soils in the United States (Version 8.0, 2016). A copy of the document can be obtained from the NRCS at: http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/Internet/DOCUMENTS/nrcs142p2_053171.pdf

B. 401 Water Quality Certification (401 WQC) Regional Conditions for California:

1. TBD.

***Draft 2026 Nationwide Permit (NWP) Regional Conditions
for the State of Arizona***

(Effective March 14, 2026, until March 14, 2031)

A. Regional Conditions for the State of Arizona:

1. The permittee shall submit a pre-construction notification (PCN) for all 2026 NWPs, in accordance with General Condition 32, in the following circumstances:
 - a. Activities that would result in a loss* of waters of the United States within any special aquatic site including wetlands, mudflats, vegetated shallows, riffle and pool complexes, and sanctuaries and refuges (See 40 CFR Part 230.40-45). Activities shall not result in a loss greater than 0.10 acre;
 - b. Activities resulting in a discharge of dredged or fill material in waters of the U.S. on Tribal Lands** belonging to the _____ Tribe(s);
 - c. All waterbodies designated by the Arizona Department of Environmental Quality as Outstanding Arizona Waters (OAWs), within 1600 meters (or 1 mile) upstream and/or 800 meters (1/2 mile) downstream of a designated OAW, and on tributaries to OAWs within 1600 meters of the OAW (see <https://www.azdeq.gov/>).

* “Loss” means waters of the United States that are permanently adversely affected by filling, flooding, excavation, or drainage because of the regulated activity.

**”Tribal Lands” refers to any lands title to which is either: 1) held in trust by the United States for the benefit of any Indian tribe or individual; or 2) held by any Indian tribe or individual subject to restrictions by the United States against alienation.

B. 401 Water Quality Certification (401 WQC) Regional Conditions for Arizona:

1. TBD.